

# BIG SANDY NEWS.

*Aut inveniam viam, aut faciam.*

VOL. IV. NO. 1.

## CURRENT TOPICS

JACKSON, Tidous and Cleveland were born on March 15.

PEACHES are now treated with ozone in bulk to preserve them.

IOWA has no less than ten women county school superintendents.

The cost of public education in Prussia is fifteen cents per head.

To CURE and heal a running sore, apply alum water twice a day.

GENERAL SHERIDAN left a paid-up life insurance policy of \$25,000.

The wall-paper manufacturers are thinking of forming a trust.

CONTINUED wet weather in England has nearly ruined the hay crop.

You can now go from Paris to Constantinople by rail in three days.

MME. CARNOT, wife of the French President, parts her hair on one side.

It is proposed to hold a mineral exposition in Nashville, Tenn., in 1890.

BEEs are unusually numerous in the mountains about Lake Tahoe, Nev.

DR. TALMAGE received \$1,200 for two talks at the Piedmont, Chautauqua.

The present outlook is very encouraging for a full sugar crop in Louisiana.

The total amount carried on the lives of Massachusetts property-holders is \$176,802,718.

BEE owners in Arizona report that this is the best year for honey ever known there.

A COMPANY has been organized to establish graphophone service in Western cities.

GENERAL FISK, the Prohibition candidate for President, is an epicure in sea food dishes.

By the aid of a camera a saloon-keeper at Des Moines, Ia., was detected in selling liquor.

A NEW "fad" in Paris, the English papers tell us, is the wearing of gloves that do not match.

LIGHTNING struck a street-car in Aurora, Ill., the other day. Two persons were severely shocked.

The population of Rome grows at the rate of 18,000 to 23,000 a year. At the close of 1887 it was 382,973.

MRS. DELPHINE BAKER, an American lady, is about to establish a Christian newspaper in Jerusalem.

MEMPHIS is the greatest inland cotton market in the world, receiving from 700,000 to 1,000,000 bales yearly.

AT BUTTE, Cal., man who began farming on rented land ten years ago has this year \$61,000 worth of wheat to sell.

THERE were 193,424 males and 55,721 females who bathed in the public baths of Boston during the month of July.

At the election in 1884, the total number of votes cast was a little over 10,000,000, or about one-sixth of the population.

THOSE who fail to take heed will have to claim upon this Government thereafter.

"Given out from Tzou Li Ya Mon, this 21st day of the fourth month in the fourteenth year of our reign, in the presence of His Imperial Majesty the Emperor Kung Suey."

## HIS CELESTIAL HIGHNESS

A Proclamation from the Emperor of China.

Evidently He Intends to Make It Very Warm for Johnny Bull.

NEW YORK, Aug. 22.—Chinamen in New York are much excited over the following astonishing imperial proclamation, which has just arrived via San Francisco, through the columns of the San Francisco *Wah Kee* newspaper, several copies of which are taken by Chinese merchants here. The somewhat formidable epistle was more especially intended for Chinese subjects in Australia and other British Colonies in the great South Seas, but it includes Canada. It bears the genuine seal of the Emperor Kung Suey, although it was issued by the Tzou Li Ya Mon, the Department of Foreign Affairs. Here is a general translation, as it appears in the *Wah Kee*, bearing date of the 18th instant:

"To the People of the Great Flower Kingdom, by the Holy Will of the Son of Heaven (the term used for the Emperor of China):

"Owing to the continual ingratitude and unreasonableness of the Western nations, especially of the Great Flower Kingdom, toward the Emperor of China, we have issued this edict to the national rights of his subjects under British soil; notwithstanding the fact that sacred souls have been entered into from time to time regulating such matters between the respective rulers of the two great Empires that Chinese subjects should have the same rights and privileges upon British soil as Englishmen upon Chinese, yet still the English Government, or the English Government, or the colonial branches, under the sanction of Her Majesty, the Queen of England, have suddenly terminated that compact by imposing a heavy import tax of \$50 or more upon the head of each Chinese subject who lands upon British soil, making not only a burdensome task upon the individuals, but also a disgrace upon this Government in that they now call our own subjects' attention to the following decree:

"The merchants, traders and all subjects of the Chinese Empire are hereby notified that after the fifteenth day of the fifth month in the fourteenth year of the reign of the Emperor Kung Suey (about July 15, 1880), to the fifteenth day of the fifth month in the seventeenth year of the reign of Kung Suey (about July 15, 1891), they are prohibited under the death penalty from landing any merchandise or goods of whatever nature upon British soil for the purpose of either any other use, but for the purpose of getting rid of their merchandise or other property already landed by the English Government, or the colonial branches, under the sanction of His Majesty, the Queen of England, have suddenly terminated that compact by imposing a heavy import tax of \$50 or more upon the head of each Chinese subject who lands upon British soil, making not only a burdensome task upon the individuals, but also a disgrace upon this Government in that they now call our own subjects' attention to the following decree:

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## \$10,000 MAIL ROBBERY.

A Registered Package Ripped by Postal Employees in Transit.

NEW YORK, Aug. 23.—Detectives and other post-office officials are engaged earnestly at work in an endeavor to run down the thief who stole a registered package of \$10,000 in money while it was being transported from Portland, Ore., to the Chemical National Bank, of this city. The stolen money was contained in a pouch with fifty-eight others, and the loss was only discovered when the pouch was regularly opened in the Registered Letter Department of the New York Post-office Friday last. The Chemical Bank officials to whom the package was addressed say they have no money interest in it whatever. The package was sent by the First National Bank, of Portland, Ore., to place to their credit in New York, to be used by the Western Bank in drawing New York drafts. Inspector Dosser and Postmaster Pearson would not say whether any employee of the New York Post-office was suspected. No arrests have been made.

After the Headwaters Flood.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Aug. 23.—The rivers had receded thirteen feet at ten o'clock this morning, and were once more flowing quietly within their banks. The residents of the inundated districts are now busy cleaning their houses of the deposits left by the flood, and the mills are preparing to resume. Railroad traffic has been partially resumed, but it is still badly impeded, and it will be several days before trains are running again, and may exceed that.

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## IN A FOG.

Steamship Oceanic Crashes Into the City of Chester, Which Goes to the Bottom—Thirty-four Persons Drowned.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 23.—The Oceanic from Hong Kong and Oklahoma ran into the Coast steamer City of Chester in a heavy fog in the Bay of San Francisco this morning. The Oceanic struck the Chester on the port side, at the gangway. The shock was terrific, and the prop cut into the Chester's upper works and then crashed down to the bulkheads, tearing great timbers and iron plates and breaking into state-rooms and cabins. The wildest confusion prevailed among passengers. The passengers crowded together, some shrieking with fear and others praying for help. The bow of the Oceanic crashed into the middle section of the Chester, cutting her almost into halves. Torrents of water rushed into her hold, and in five minutes after the collision the Chester disappeared and sank in fifty fathoms of water. The greatest loss of life is believed to have occurred among the steerage passengers, of whom there were twenty-three aboard. Only two of these were accounted for late this afternoon, and it is believed the others were lost. They were in the hold or lower decks of the steamer at the time of the collision, and there was no opportunity to warn them of danger or render them any assistance afterward. The cabin passengers numbered seventy, and of these ten are lost. Three of the crew were also lost. When the vessels were locked a number of the Chester's passengers were passed up on the Oceanic's bow and rescued in that way.

Love With the Same Girl.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Aug. 23.—Stevenson, Ala., about forty-three miles west of Chattanooga, was visited by a heavy shock of earthquake at twenty minutes before 6 o'clock this morning. All the buildings in the town were shaken up, alarming the colored population so badly that many of them rushed into the street. No damage to property was done, but many persons have been living in constant fear of another shock, which has not yet taken place.

Earthquake Shock in Alabama.

NOGALES, A. T., Aug. 23.—The gang that robbed the Sonora railroad train at Aguaquiza in May last and killed Conductor Atkinson and Fireman Forbes, has had trial at Guaymas, and been sentenced to be shot. Conrad Rohling, who was accessory, was sentenced to a term of five years in prison. Just when Taylor will be executed is not known, as it is not the custom to pass sentence, but many persons have been working to set a time for the execution of a death sentence.

Sonora Train-Robbers Sentenced.

ST. MARTINSVILLE, La., Aug. 23.—An encounter between negroes and whites occurred on Tuesday afternoon on Bayou Martin, nine miles above St. Martinsville.

The whites had heard that the negroes were arming themselves with rifles, which had been secreted in the house of a negro named Albert Narcisse. About 250 whites surprised Narcisse and his brother working in a field. The two negroes ran to the house and attempted to barricade it. They were fired upon and compelled to surrender, after Narcisse and a ten-year-old boy had been shot. Thirty guns, all new, and heavily loaded with buckshot, were found in the cabin. It is not known what was done with the two men captured. Trouble between the whites and blacks is also feared above Breaux Bridge, as the whites have called upon the negroes to surrender their arms, which they have lately been getting.

Race Troubles in Louisiana.

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### Democratic Ticket.



For President,  
**GROVER CLEVELAND,**  
OF NEW YORK.

For Vice President,  
**A. G. THURMAN,**  
OF OHIO.

For Congress,  
**T. H. PAYNTER,**  
OF GREENUP.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 30th, 1888.

The President is off for a few days' fishing tour.

Hon. Roger Q. Mills will deliver five speeches in Indiana.

The Governor's annual Ball took place at Crab Orchard Springs last Friday evening.

The House Committee on Pensions has reported a bill which pensions Mrs. P. H. Sheridan at \$3,500 a year.

T. H. Paynter or D. J. Burchett will represent this district in the Fifty-first Congress; the chances being largely in Paynter's favor.

Georgia is overrun with newspapers, but there is only one in the whole lot that is faithless to the Democratic doctrine of tariff reduction.

The Catlettsburg Republican Convention is over and Bro. Burchett received the nomination without hugging L. F., and without the shedding of tears. What a boon harmony is!

The Democrats of this Congressional district have never been better united, and the nomination of Mr. Paynter was made without wrangling and is satisfactory to all. What we want is an organization to bring out the full Democratic vote.

I. H. Goodnight was last week nominated for Congress by a harmonious convention in the third district. The Louisville Times, in mentioning the fact, says that "The Third district Democrats have bid Goodnight to discord, and told Republicans to Hunter hole."

The Mountain Democrat is the name of a new paper which made its appearance yesterday. It is published at Paintsville by Warren M. Meek, and discourses "straight goods." May it accomplish much toward Democratic success in November, and receive ample compensation.

The candidates for Congress in this district have been named, and the Democrats know their standard-bearer and those of their opponents. No time should be lost in completing the organization so well begun. There is a sufficient amount of work to be done to occupy all the time we have.

The Democrats of the Tenth district have nominated Hon. Frank Day, of Mt. Sterling, to succeed Hon. W. P. Taulbee in Congress. Mr. Day has recently come to Mt. Sterling from Menifee county, where he practiced law for many years. He is a live and active man and will make a canvass from the beginning that has winning characteristics.

The Republicans attempt "to pull wool over the eyes" of the masses by sending forth expressions to the effect that the tariff and its workings can only be understood by our most eminent statesmen and those constantly associated with the subject. The tariff question, as it is represented in the present contest, can be comprehended by any person of ordinary intelligence, and is perfectly clear to all newspaper readers.

### Burchett for Congress.

The Republican Congressional Convention for this district met in Catlettsburg on last Tuesday and nominated Hon. D. J. Burchett, of Louisa, for Congress. The contest was between Burchett and Worthington, and after one ballot had been taken, a motion to make Burchett the unanimous nominee was offered and carried.

The President has approved the act authorizing an increase in pensions in case of deafness.

A Republican paper says that "hell is unanimously Democratic". It is not at all improbable that the Republicans down there have all flopped since the opening of the present campaign in the United States, (if there is any communication between the two countries, and there certainly must be, or the organ referred to above could not be so well posted on the political situation in the lower regions.) It is as much as a Republican pleasantly situated on earth can do to "stomach" the free whisky and taxed clothing principles, and a poor Republican in Hades should not be censured for taking any action which will soothe his conscience.

That newspaper might have added that heaven and earth are also unanimous in the same direction.

The Democratic Congressional Convention at Maysville last week unanimously adopted the following resolution. This matter is of the greatest importance to this section and a vote for Paynter is a vote for personal interest:

RESOLVED, That as a Democratic Representative from this district inaugurated the movement looking to slack-water navigation of the Big Sandy, we pledge the nominee of this convention to use every endeavor to secure liberal appropriations by the National Government to complete the works, and we call the attention of the people of this district to the pledges of Republican Representatives to further this work, and to the fact that their pledges stand violated."

Afflicted Walton, of the Interior Journal, cries out from the bed-carbuncles have prostrated him: "In the language of the Psalmist, the tortures of hell have got hold upon us."

The messages of Grover Cleveland and the speeches of Allen G. Thurman are the most popular Democratic campaign documents of the year. One always thinks the one he last read is the best. The Eastern Democrats look forward eagerly to Thurman's prospective tour in the East.—Louisville Times.

During the administration of President Cleveland 80,000,000 acres of the public lands have been wrested from the railroad corporations that have not earned it, and restored to the public domain, and 145,000,000 acres are in process of restoration to the people.—Ex.

The man who says he does not understand the issue on the tariff, as accepted by the Democratic and Republican parties, does not care to read and think on the subject. The most ordinary intellect can comprehend the position that if a man can buy a woolen shirt to-day for twenty-five cents less than the price the same shirt could have been bought for last week, he has saved a quarter of a dollar. Now the Democratic party proposes to reduce the tax on that woolen shirt so it can be bought cheaper to-day than it could have been bought last week, and thereby save to the laboring man, the wage-worker, the difference. It is not difficult to understand that the expenses of the government are paid by the tax or tariff on foreign goods imported into this country, and the tax collected on whisky, beer and tobacco, all of which tax, from both sources, comes from the pockets of the people; the tariff tax is collected from the dealer at the port of entry and added to the price paid for the goods by the consumer.—Capital.

Seroful, in the blood, corrupts and contaminates every tissue and fiber in the whole body; but whether appearing in the form of swellings, carbuncles or running sores, the malignant poisons of this disease are completely eradicated by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

A Conundrum.  
(Macon Telegraph.)

The campaign conundrum: "How is it that a reduction from 47 to 49 per cent. on imports is free trade and a reduction of the price of whisky from \$2 to 25 cents a gallon is not free whisky?"

Malarial poisons can be entirely removed from the system by the use of Ayer's Ague Cure. This remedy contains a specific, in the form of a vegetable product, used in no other ague preparation.

### Hon. T. H. Paynter.

Sketch of the Democratic Nominee for Congress.

A Self-made Man Who was Never Deafened for Office.  
(Courier-Journal.)

The Democrats, without a single exception, cordially endorse the nominee, and the Republicans fear him. Hon. Thos H. Paynter was born on a farm in Lewis county, Ky., December 9, 1851, his father, Elisha Paynter, being a respectable farmer in humble circumstances. He received the best education afforded by the common schools, and attended Jacob Rand Seminary in Lewis county, which was a celebrated institution of learning in its day. He was a student at Center College for one year. He studied law under Judge J. R. Garland, and was licensed to practice law by Circuit Court Judge R. H. Stanton, of Maysville. Mr. Paynter opened a law office in Greenup in 1878, and secured a good clientele from the start. Unlike most young lawyers, he did not have to wait for practice to come to him. He was a hard, close student, and possessed by nature a fine legal mind. He rose rapidly in his profession until he ranks to-day among the leading lawyers of the State. Mr. Paynter's remarkable success is due to no accident of birth or fortune. He has elevated himself by honest, patient, and untiring industry, and is pre-eminently a self-made man. Handsome in person, dignified, of graceful carriage and pleasing address, he would attract and command attention in any assembly. He is a man of the people, and immensely popular with the masses. His popularity was attested in 1878, when he was elected, as a Democrat, County Attorney of Greenup over Hon. F. B. Trussell, one of the cleverest Republicans in the State, by a majority of 803 votes, and that, too, when Greenup was Republican by over 100. Mr. Paynter married Miss Lizzie Pollock, daughter of Joseph Pollock, a well-known banker at Greenup. Mr. Paynter's record, private and public, invites the closest scrutiny. There is not a single flaw in it. He has never wavered in his allegiance to the Democratic party, and his father before him was a true Democrat. He was never defeated for any office, and will redeem the Ninth district by 1,500 majority.

Don't let us be deceived by the Republican quietude. They are laying for us. The Louisville Times says: "The county elections in Kentucky last week went Democratic like Maine went for Gov. Kent, the Republicans putting out no ticket in about half the counties. The Democratic majority of 17,000 last August has jumped to probably 75,000 this August. The November election is less than three months off, yet in only one district—the Eleventh—have the Republicans made a nomination for Congress, and in only two more—the Ninth and Tenth—they have taken any action toward putting candidates in the field. Notwithstanding this apparent inactivity on the part of our friends, the enemy, their leaders are notoriously active on the stump. Bradley, Swope and Wilson are whooping things up all along the line from the heel of Reelfoot to the mouth of Sandy. Why this thusness? Is the Republican default at the August poll intended as a Trojan horse for service in November? Are the Big Injuns' laying an ambuscade for us? Let Democracy keep their eyes skinned and their powder dry."

A gloomy day has dawned for Republicanism when its organization is surrendered into the hands of a coterie of petty bosses like Quay in Pennsylvania, Plattin in New York and Chandler in New Hampshire. The tendency of the party management is downward. Its leaders represent neither statesmanship nor patriotism. Intent only on serving special interests, saturated with selfishness and devoured by greed, the politicians in control do not merit or command the confidence or respect of the country.

A Lively Club.  
(Cleveland Plain Dealer.)

The Cleveland and Thurman Club of Lima has erected a large wigwam on the public square in that city, and will keep it open day and night during the campaign. The loyal Democracy are making things lively in that neck of the woods."

SAVED HIS LIFE.  
Mr. D. L. Wilcoxson, of Horse Cave, Ky., says he was, for many years, badly afflicted with Phthisis, also Diabetes; the pains were almost unendurable, would sometimes almost throw him into convulsions. He tried Electrotherapy and got from first bottle and after taking six bottles were entirely cured, and gained in flesh eighteen pounds. Say he positively believes he would have died, had it not been for this relief afforded by Electric Bitters. Sold at 50 cents bottle by G. T. Ross,

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### Catechism for Monopolists.

Let the Advocates of a Prohibitory Tariff Answer.

[Westchester, (Pa.) Jeffersonian.]

When you are requested to support the ticket of the plutocrats and monopolists, ask the person who solicits you the following questions:

Why a million men have been out of work under the high tariff?

Why Pennsylvania miners lost 128 days' work in 1884 and 111 days' work in 1885?

Why they get only \$20 a month, and pay out of that \$2.50 for tools, sharpening, powder and oil?

Why some Pennsylvania laborers work for 50c. a day?

Why slate pickers, 7 to 10 years old, are working under the rod in Pennsylvania?

Why Pennsylvania operatives pay \$5 a month for company houses, when English operatives get a cottage for \$30 a year?

How protection protects working men when Italians and Hungarians come in duty free?

Why cotton operatives in Massachusetts work 60 hours, and in other New England States 66 and 69 hours a week, while English operatives work only 50?

Why the poorer American spinners get \$7.07, and the poorer English spinners get \$7.20 a week, though the American makes 24 yards of cloth to the English 24?

Why "the condition of the miner has for some years been growing worse in Pennsylvania and better in Great Britain"?

Why "in every occupation which we tax ourselves to 'protect,' the English workman, as a rule, has the advantage?"

Why workingmen earn higher wages in unprotected than in protected industries?

Why the importation of woolen and worsted cloths is increasing at a fearful rate, while our own weavers are thrown out of employment?

What good is a tariff to workingmen when American factories pay only \$7.50 wages for a piece of ingrain carpet on which the duty would be \$21?

Why wool averaged 28 cents in high tariff times and 32 cents in low tariff years, though blankets were much higher under the tariff?

Why we sold only \$770,000 of woolen goods to countries where England sold over \$115,000,000 in 1885?

Why blankets are taxed 77 per cent. and thread lace only 30? Why necessities bear heavy duties, and luxuries light?

Why savings bank deposits increased 14 per cent. a year, 1845-60 under low tariff, and only 8 per cent a year 1860-85, under high tariff?

Why when the Republican Tariff Commission recommended at least 20 per cent. reduction, the "Confidence Bill" raised the average duties, so that they were 46 instead of 43 per cent. in 1885?

Why, as Ralph Beaumont said in a Knights of Labor meeting, "During the 25 years we've had this 'protection' we've made more millionaires and more paupers under that system than were ever made in a civilized country on the earth in the same time before?"

Why while England has a high tariff its wage workers were no better than so many slaves?

Why the working people of London thirty years ago marched en masse to the doors of the Parliament house and with the cry of "Bread or Blood," compelled the repeal of the English tariff?

Why Daniel O'Connell, the "Irish Liberator," united with Richard Cobden in denouncing "protection" as a fraud?

\*Report of Pennsylvania Bureau of Industrial Statistics.

+Petition of Clearfield County miners to Gov. Pattison, April, 1886.

?Secretary Blaine's report on Foreign Labor, 1881.

Henry George in North American Review, October, 1886.

\*Memorial to Congress of 40,000 Pennsylvania wool operatives, 1886.

[To be continued.]

"Let us strip for the fight," said Belva Lockwood in a speech the other day. There was a wild stampede. In two minutes the only men left in the house were those who had been trampled under foot and rendered unconscious.—Ex.

A gloomy day has dawned for Republicanism when its organization is surrendered into the hands of a coterie of petty bosses like Quay in Pennsylvania, Plattin in New York and Chandler in New Hampshire.

The tendency of the party management is downward. Its leaders represent neither statesmanship nor patriotism.

Intent only on serving special interests, saturated with selfishness and devoured by greed, the politicians in control do not merit or command the confidence or respect of the country.

A Lively Club.  
(Cleveland Plain Dealer.)

The Cleveland and Thurman Club of Lima has erected a large wigwam on the public square in that city, and will keep it open day and night during the campaign.

The loyal Democracy are making things lively in that neck of the woods."

SAVED HIS LIFE.

Mr. D. L. Wilcoxson, of Horse Cave, Ky., says he was, for many years, badly afflicted with Phthisis, also Diabetes; the pains were almost unendurable, would sometimes almost throw him into convulsions. He tried Electrotherapy and got from first bottle and after taking six bottles were entirely cured, and gained in flesh eighteen pounds.

Say he positively believes he would have died, had it not been for this relief afforded by Electric Bitters.

Sold at 50 cents bottle by G. T. Ross,

A Conundrum.  
(Macon Telegraph.)

The campaign conundrum: "How is it that a reduction from 47 to 49 per cent. on imports is free trade and a reduction of the price of whisky from \$2 to 25 cents a gallon is not free whisky?"

Malarial poisons can be entirely removed from the system by the use of Ayer's Ague Cure. This remedy contains a specific, in the form of a vegetable product, used in no other ague preparation.

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## BIG SANDY NEWS.

### COURT DIRECTORY.

CIRCUIT COURT.—Judge, J. M. Burt; begins 2nd Mondays in February and August terms of four weeks.

CRIMINAL COURT.—Judge, J. M. Rice; begins 4th Mondays in June and December, terms of four weeks.

COUNTY COURT.—Judge S. H. BURT, 3rd Monday in each month, except when his Circuit Court is in session.

QUARTERLY COURT.—Tuesday after 3rd Monday in March, June, September and December.

COMMISSIONER'S COURT.—1st Monday in March, June, September and December.

### TOWN DIRECTORY.

POLICE COURT.—Regular session, 1st Monday each month.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES.—Tuesday after the first Monday in each month.

### MASONIC DIRECTORY.

Apperson Lodge, No. 105, F. & A. M.—Stated meeting, 3rd Monday on each month, with D. J. Burdick, W. M., A. J. Conley, Sec. Louisville Chapter, No. 95, R. A. M.—State degree, Friday, on or immediately preceding full moon in each month. J. A. Jones, H. P.; L. H. Suddith, Sec.

I. O. O. F.

Louisa Lodge, No. 270.—Stated meetings, every Friday, Wm. Blankenship, N. G.; L. H. Suddith, Sec.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 30th, 1888.

Take the News—\$1 a year.

Try the News six months for 50 cents.

Elsworth Norris is visiting in the country.

Miss Cora Abbott visited home folks Sunday.

This issue is the first number of our fourth year.

Dr. Banfield, of Buchanan, was in town Monday.

Work on the new jail is progressing moderately well.

Miss Chubbie Burchett is visiting relatives in Ashland.

The Cleveland and Thurman Club meets Tuesday night.

L. B. Ferguson was in Catlettsburg and Ashland this week.

Mr. N. C. Waldeck has returned from a visit to his son in Ohio.

Miss Fannie Freese returned home Saturday from a visit to Cincinnati.

Mr. Elmer Thomas, of Ironton, was visiting in Louisa a few days ago.

Marshal Sammons is getting good work out of the convicts on the street.

The Republicans held a sort of ratification at Major Burchett's last night.

Mr. H. W. Jenkins' father, from West Virginia, has recently been visiting here.

An eighteen months old child of Mont Bussey, of Busseyville, died on last Sunday.

Read "Under a Cloud", which appears on the fourth page of the News this week.

State Geologist J. R. Proctor and A. R. Crandall, his Assistant, are in this section.

Gauger John Rice left Tuesday for an official trip through the back part of the county.

The contract for keeping the poor-house for the ensuing year will be let on next Monday.

A good sized delegation attended the Republican convention at Catlettsburg Tuesday.

"Hackmack," a lasting and fragrant perfume, Price 25 and 50 cents. G. T. Ross, Druggist.

Mrs. Finell and Miss Bird May, of Tazewell county, Va., are visiting the family of Mr. R. F. Vinson.

Lawrence Circuit Court adjourned on last Tuesday. Judge Burns next holds Court in Carter county.

Architect Floyd Hoard, of Ceredo, was here last week on business relating to the new school building.

For letter-heads, note-heads, envelopes, posters, tags, or anything in the job-printing line, call at this office.

Forrest Stewart leaves to-day for Ann Arbor, Mich., where he will attend school during the next ten months.

Dr. Ferry now has charge of Bresce & Norris' drug store. Dr. Bussey will leave next Monday for Cincinnati, to attend the lectures at Ohio Medical College.

Read Hughes' advertisement. He means business and is still lowering prices. More credit, but cheaper goods.

Why will you cough when Shiloh's Cure will give immediate relief. Price 10 cts., 50 cts., and \$1. G. T. Ross.

We are slightly delayed in getting out this issue, caused by a rush of job printing and a delay in getting our paper.

### Wanted.

A large amount of HICKORY for axe handles. For quality and prices apply to SNYDER BROS.

Dr. S. J. Yates has purchased the old hotel property for \$2,000. We understand that a large brick business house is soon to be erected on the site.

Are you made miserable by Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Yellow Skin? Shiloh's Vitalizer is a positive cure. G. T. Ross.

Mr. W. T. Evans, one of our popular druggists, has received a certificate of competency from the State Board of Pharmacists, as is required by a late law.

Misses Gipsy Northup, Derre McGrath, and Dora Vinson, and Messrs. H. C. Sullivan and J. W. Stewart spent last Sunday with Miss Nona Borders at Richardson.

The quarterly meeting of the M. E. Church is to be held on Donathan on the first Saturday and Sunday in September, instead of the second Saturday and Sunday, as was announced last week.

Sparks' Perfect Health, the best remedy for the liver and kidneys, for sale by W. T. Evans. Recommended by E. Stansbury, Mrs. J. K. Rice and others in this vicinity. Try it.

Waldeck Jordan's little three-year-old son was drowned at the Falls of Blaine one day last week. He was playing at the water's edge with a child of about the same age and fell in, and before help arrived he was drowned.

James Hatcher, of Prestonsburg, was in town Monday in the interest of the J. G. Hatcher Transportation Co., which is running a line of push-boats from Richardson to Pikeville. The company is composed of enterprising young men who deserve the patronage of the up-river people.

### FOR SALE.

A farm of about 300 acres; about 100 acres improved. The remainder is well timbered, with good orchards, good buildings, about 25 acres in corn, sorghum and millet, 2 head horses, 3 milch cows and calves, 1 yoke four-year-old oxen, 2 year old heifer, 1 two year old steer, 1 yearling heifer, 7 head hogs, 6 head sheep, 20 geese, about 100 chickens, about 60 bushels wheat, farming tools, furniture, 14 bee hives, all for \$1,500 cash, lying on Brushy fork of Big Blaine. My P.O. address is Blaine, Lawrence Co., Ky.

WILLIAM VERNON.

OUR and reliable Medicines are the best to depend upon. Acker's Blood Elixir has been prescribed for years for all kinds of the Blood. In every form of Scrofulous, Syphilitic or Mercurial diseases, it is invaluable. For Rheumatism, has no equal. G. T. Ross, Druggist.

For Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint you have a printed guarantee on every bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer. It never fails to cure. G. T. Ross.

Read "Under a Cloud", which appears on the fourth page of the News this week.

DON'T trials with any Throat or Lung Disease. If you have a Cough or Cold, or the children are attacked with Croup or Whooping Cough, use Acker's English Remedy and prevent further trouble. It is a positive cure, and we guarantee it. Price 10 and 50c. G. T. Ross, Druggist.

To Democrats.

The Cleveland and Thurman Club of Louisa will meet next Tuesday night at the court house. It is very important that all members be present, and those Democrats who are not members are urged to come and join. Don't fail to attend.

Helping the Right Side.

To help the right side is not only commendable in a general point of view, but is judicious and prudent when that help is called for in behalf of the right side of the body, just over the lower ribs in the region of the Liver. The most efficient help is afforded by Boster's Stomachic Tonic, which is a safe, non-irritating, non-stimulating medicine. Inaction of the Liver is recommended, by stimulation, sick-headache, purged tongue, nose, mouth, bowels, skin and ball of the eye. The author of these symptoms liver complaint is cured by Boster's accompanied by a cure of the liver, dyspepsia, rheumatism, debility and kidney troubles are all removed. The eyes are also relieved of which this additional medicine is adapted. Don't use it by fits and starts, but systematically; use it full strength, but resultantly, a perfect restoration of health.

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Dr. Ferry now has charge of Bresce & Norris' drug store. Dr. Bussey will leave next Monday for Cincinnati, to attend the lectures at Ohio Medical College.

Snyder Bros. now have their mill and manufactory in the best working order. The handle factory is in charge of experienced men from Guyandotte, and the handles made by them cannot be surpassed.

W. T. Evans keeps constantly a full line of patent medicines and drugs of all kinds.

Married, at Walbridge, on the 29th, G. S. Maynard to Nancy B. Wellman. Also, at Summit Station on the 28th, Thos. A. Wooten to Maria E. Chapman.

### Edmonds' Branch.

A small child of Waldeck Jordan was drowned in the mill pond at the Falls of Blaine on the 23rd inst. Mr. Jordan has the deepest sympathies of the community.

From Wayne county, W. Va., comes news of the sudden death of David Chapman, formerly a resident of this vicinity.

The Public School at this place is progressing nicely with G. B. Carter as principal. Also, the Sabbath School—well it is not prospering as well as usual.

Mr. S. D. Jobe, of Twin Branches, was born recently on business.

Harrison Kelley, our collier, was here recently. He will dig coal for the neighborhood the coming Fall.

James Henson has removed to his farm on the hill.

Simeon Collins is having quite an amount of tan bark hauled from here to Fuller's Station for shipment.

Constable J. C. Marcus, our school tax collector, is hustling among the people.

Samuel Casey and Charley Estep went to Denton recently on business.

George Carter and Wm. Vanhouse are on the hill.

Mr. Yates, of your place, passed through here a few days ago enroute to Cat's fork on professional business.

Samuel Short will remove to his old farm at an early date.

A spelling match will be held at our school house on Saturday night, Sept. 1st, by G. B. Carter. All are invited to attend.

COUNTRY GREENHORN.

### NOTICE!

Positively we will credit no one—no exceptions—after the 1st of September. All parties indebted to us will call and settle on or before Oct. 1st, or their accounts will be put in the hands of an officer for collection.

C. D. NORRIS, & CO.

### Berefield.

News scarce. Died, on last Thursday, a little child of Wm. Kitchen. Mrs. Kitchen is also very low.

Smith and J. H. Jobe, Jr., went to Wilford last week.

Our Cleveland and Thurman Club has 90 names.

S. D. Jobe was visiting on Spankum Friday.

J. H. Jobe, Sr. went to the falls of Blaine Saturday.

We have a good yield of corn here.

D. T. Jobe and Marion Stumbo were here Sunday.

I think an agent for the News would have success here. With best wishes for the News. PLOWBOY.

### The Most Agreeable

As well as the most effective method of dispelling headaches, colds, and fevers, or cleansing the system, is by taking a few doses of the pleasant California liquid syrup, Syrup of Figs. For sale in 50 and \$1. bottles.

Peyton C. Justice, of Laynesville, and Wm. H. Rice, of Salyersville, have been granted pensions.

### Advice to Mothers.

Mr. Weston's Sonorous Syrup always cures the little infantile noise, produces natural quiet sleep, and the little herbawakes so bright and gay. It is very pleasant to the taste. As another child grows older, it also helps to regulate the bowels, and is the best known remedy for diarrhea, whether arising from other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

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### Buchanan.

We have had a glorious rain and vegetation of all kinds is much refreshed.

The election is over, the Democrats are jubilant and wear a broad smile, which tells plainly how they feel. If the Democrats do their whole duty as they did in Boyd and Lawrence and other counties we will roll up sixty thousand in Kentucky for Cleveland and Thurman in November next. House up fellow Democrats to your posts and work for the Republicans will have the war paint on and be armed with baffle for fight.

There is some sickness in different parts of the country.

W. O. Spencer has sold his farm on Blaine to Holt Sturgill and is going to Kansas for his future home.

Mrs. Agnes Burriss was visiting her daughter on Blaine a few days since.

John P. Leslie's hand is better and may get well. I saw him Saturday last.

Some thief raided Wyllie-Burchett's melon patch a few nights ago.

The papers should keep the tariff question before the people weekly.

JAKE.

### Edmonds' Branch.

A small child of Waldeck Jordan was drowned in the mill pond at the Falls of Blaine on the 23rd inst. Mr. Jordan has the deepest sympathies of the community.

From

## NEWSPAPER LAWS.

Any person who takes his paper regularly from the post office or not, is responsible for the pay. The law makes it illegal to take news papers and periodicals from the post office, or leave them unclosed for a person to take.

## UNDER A CLOUD; OR, CLEARING HIMSELF.

The Thrilling and Awe-inspiring Story of a Great Crime.

BY JENNIE DAVIS BURTON,  
AUTHOR OF "HER LIFE'S SECRET," AND  
OTHER STORIES.

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### CHAPTER I. TWO OF A KIND.

"O MORE packages to give out till we reach the city! I may as well look up, then. First to see that every thing is shipshape! Queer how much character these bundles take on to one who is used to them. There's a little fortification there, though envelopes, though it's doubtful if the senders will all get their money's worth in return. This package marked \$1,000, C. O. D., is going back to the jewelry firm it came from. Here is the silver-papered one, that means a wedding present. Then this bit of a box from Colorado, that won't be least, is something in the line of mineral specimens, no doubt. What wonder that express messengers are sometimes tempted to dishonesty by the golden stream that flows through their fingers! There'd be considerable pickings for a man of that sort here. It may be just as well that we are hemmed in as closely as we are."

The young man in whose mind these thoughts were running lit his pipe over the packages once more. They were all the same size, and he turned over a flat parcel for another look at its face, dotted with sundry labels, showing that it had passed over different lines.

"Something comfortable in the look of it," mused he, as he closed the safe and turned the key. "Not like that box back there which seems to have an infernal machine in it. Hard luck to the party who gets that, if it's to go on a moment, without warning."

Ah, here I had for you, simple messenger, with dirges from standing back of your uplifted club that falls without warning, striking you down, leaving your trust unguarded to the ruthless hand of the spoiler.

It was but a moment's work, for the key was still in the lock. The eager fingers which hovered over the contents of the desk fastened almost immediately upon the package which had been the last in the messenger's bag. Nothing else was touched except through the unmoving eyes rested upon the marks "\$1,000 C. O. D." The dark face bending over the safe worked in a spasm of conflicting emotion.

"What a chance is here!" muttered the thief. "But steady—steady! Remember the stake you are playing for. Don't let any thing less interfere with that, my lad, or you will be left. Hiss, danger—vain—cure!"

Instantly, with the words just breathed to himself, the man disappeared among the piles of packages which numbered the car. He had scarcely done so when a brakeman came whistling at the door, and began poking at the fire.

"Hello, Bergman," he called out; "what are you up to, taking a snooze on the sly? You'd better wake up and get ready for business. There'll be a pretty rush when we get in two ty minutes behind, and a hot box to boot."

The messenger had dragged himself up by a steady, slow, weary wavering, with wide glances in his eyes as he strove to pierce the dim length of the car.

"Where is he?" he asked, excitedly. "Stand hard, Ike. Don't let him get away."

"Where is who?" demanded the brakeman, approaching, his suspicious glance traveling over the car. "I guess you're dreaming yet. There's no one here; couldn't be you, know?"

"There he is," insisted Bergman. "I have been poking. The thief struck me down, yet, I am not altogether senseless, and I saw him move away as you came in. He is here, hidden. Look!"

He was searching himself with feverish energy among the heaped-up merchandise, but in spite of their best efforts, no trace of the thief was found. Ike, who was impressed momentarily by the other's earnestness, gazed incredulously again.

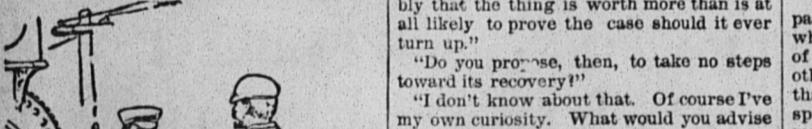
"Pshaw, man, could any one get in with such heavy brakes and such front-door load?" If there was a thief here, he had stowed himself into one of these boxes and nailed himself in. "A likely idea, ain't it? Hello, down brakes! What now, I wonder?"

He hurried away to his post to answer to the signal, and a moment later, with a great jar and quiver of resistance, the train came to a stand.

The conductor hastened forward to join the engineer as he dropped down from his box.

"What is it, Larkin?"

"Log on the track. We'd have been into it, sure as a shot, only for that pesky



"WHAT IS IT, LARKIN?"

hot-box has been keepin' us back. Run me no plumb in it as it is—see?"

The conductor did see, and shuddered at the sight. As Larkin had said, the pilot was fairly wedged against the heavy timber spiked down across the track. An instant later in discovering it must have wrecked the train.

"Look about you, boys!" the conductor shouted, excitedly. "Find the rascals who put up this job. Lively, now; they won't be far off."

They were not far off. At that moment, five men in possession of the express car, Bergman, still giddy and weak from the blow he had received, had made a desperate effort at resistance, but was speedily overpowered and held in check, while the safe was rifled of all its valuable contents. That accomplished, the robbers withdrew in a body, facing the train crew with revolvers that poured out a shower of leaden ball, and making their escape in the midst of the consternation and excitement their lawless act had created.

It was all over so quickly there had been scarcely a chance for resistance.

### CHAPTER II. DISCHARGED

"A word with you, Mr. Bergman."

Norris put the money envelope which he had just received into his pocket, and stood aside until the remaining employees received their dues and departed. The official glanced at him with a smile.

"The company has come to the conclusion that it can do without your services, and there's nothing to hinder you from resigning if you would rather have it done in that way. Here's pen and ink if you want to write your resignation."

After a few minutes wasted in forcible comments upon what had happened, the obstruction was hastily removed from the track, and the train moved on.

As the last rumble died away in the distance, a single figure crept up from its hiding place in a weedy hollow, and stood darkly-hidden under the gleaming stars.

"I won't say more than that," the figure muttered. "But just an excuse for me! What a cover to this little affair of mine! It couldn't have happened better if I'd had the planning!"

The loss to the express company proved to be a heavy one, and the story of the messenger regarding the first assault produced but little effect, though the clearing out of the car brought unexpected consequences. The men who had been called large to admit a man's body had been cut through the bottom of the car, leaving the boards so carefully fitted into it that a usual inspection would not betray the fact. It was like who made the discovery and imputed it to Bergman.

"Looks like you No. One had put up a careful job than the gang what followed him. It beats the deuce! Why, that ar chap must have rode thought on the track and walked right up to get another, then stepped up through the hole and got back again, and like as not dropped quietly down and made away when the second lot of robbers took the train. What do you make out of it, Bergman? Do you reckon that the cream of the skinnin' was in that ar one package took. It don't seem natural that any common thief should go over a good brick and a thousand dollars in jewels and more in cash for one bit of a package like it. Well, it was a sight—any way he's him. Fit you don't know the address it had on it."

"But I do know. Something—I don't know what—impressed it on my memory," said he. "I know what I'd do if I was in your shoes, then," said he. "I'd go to the party it was intended for and tell him all about it. The express company isn't going to coax him to come down on them for the val of it by giving him back his loss, and they're not going to take up the bill after the robbery. Now, I take it that it wasn't money nor straight man's worth, but something as much or may be more concern to them that's interested in it, and I'd give them the chance to get on the track of the thief while it's fresh. Looks to me like the square way is."

"Good-day to you!"

Bergman went out in the street with the rage in his heart which comes of being unindicted, if indirectly, accused. In his preoccupation he did not observe at first that he had walked into the crowd, but the fact pressed itself upon his consciousness after he had walked a little way, and he looked back vainly for a second view of it.

"Surely, that was Lyman Childer," he said to himself, and whether the fact gave him a new turn to his thoughts and steps, it is not quite conscious that neither his opinion of the value of the rejected treaty nor the motives which prompted its negotiation are of importance in the light of the judgment of the Senate thereupon. But it is of importance to us that the Senate has been compelled to set out any apparent disposition on the part of the Senate to alter or amend its provisions, and with the evident intention, not wanting expression, that no negotiation should at present be entered into.

"The co-operation necessary for the adjustment of the long standing National differences with which we have to do, by methods of conference and agreement, having thus been declined, I am by no means disposed to allow the United States to hold the upper hand in the negotiations, or to neglect their grievances, and I therefore turn to the contemplation of a plan of retaliation as a mode which still remains of treating the situation. I am not unmindful of the gravity of the responsibility involved in such a course, but I do it with a sense of duty, and overruling disposition of other nations. If we invite our people to rely upon arrangements for their benefits abroad, we should see to it that they are not deceived, and if we are generous and liberal to a neighboring country our people should reap the advantage of it by a return of liberality and generosity."

"These are subjects which partnership should not distract or confuse. Let us, however, make some arrangement relative to the interests of our country, and the protection and preservation of the rights and interests of all our people. A government does not half its duty when it protects its citizens, but it does it when it protects them from those who are upon them and humiliates the unfair and overruling disposition of other nations.

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